# OMH3150, OMH3150S Obsolete (OMH3150B)



**Ceramic Package** 

### Features:

- Ratiometric linear output capable of sinking and sourcing current
- Designed for non-contact switching operations
- Operates over a broad range of supply voltages
- Excellent temperature stability operates in harsh environments
- Suitable for military and space applications
- Processing patterned after class S of MIL-STD-883

#### **Description:**

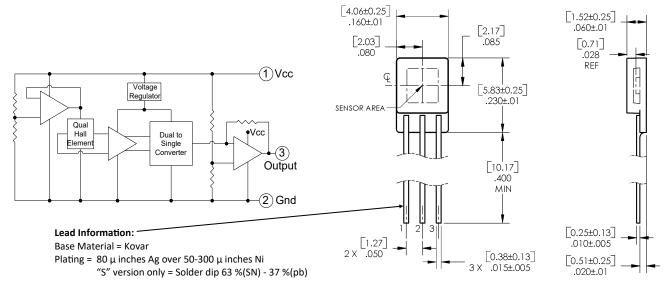
Each ratiometric linear Hall-effect sensor contains a monolithic integrated circuit on a single chip. This circuit incorporates a quadratic Hall sensing element, which minimizes the effects of mechanical and thermal stress on the Hall element and temperature compensating circuitry to compensate for the inherent Hall element sensitivity change over temperature current.

These ratiometric linear Hall-effect sensors provide an output voltage that varies in proportion to the applied magnetic field. The voltage output will increase in response to a south pole (positive) magnetic field applied perpendicular to the package symbolization face, and will decrease in response to a north pole (negative) magnetic field.

These 3150 ratiometric linear Hall-effect sensors can be used as a non-contact sensor for rotary and linear position sensing and for current sensing.

#### **Applications:**

- Non-contact magnetic sensing
- Assembly line automation
- Machine automation
- Machine safety
- Door sensor
- Where sensing is required in dirty environments



General Note

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### **Electrical Specifications**

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Supply Voltage, V <sub>cc</sub>	6 V
Storage Temperature Range, T <sub>s</sub>	-65° C to +150° C
Operating Temperature Range, T <sub>A</sub>	-40° C to +125° C
Lead Soldering Temperature (1/8 inch [3.2 mm] from case for 5 seconds with soldering iron)	260° C <sup>(1)</sup>
Power Dissipation, $P_D$	100 mW
Output Current, I <sub>o</sub>	5 mA
Magnetic Flux Density, B	Unlimited

### Electrical Characteristics (Over Operating Temperature Range at V<sub>cc</sub> = 5 V, unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
V <sub>cc</sub>	Supply Voltage	4.5	5.0	6.00	V	
I <sub>cc</sub>	Supply Current	-	5.5	10.00	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 6 V, I <sub>0</sub> = 0 mA, B = 0G
V <sub>OQ</sub>	Quiescent Voltage Output	2.25	2.5	2.75	V	B = 0G, T <sub>A</sub> = 25° C
		2.10	2.5	2.90	V	B = 0G, T <sub>A</sub> = -40° C to +125° C
Ι <sub>ο</sub>	Sink Current	0.5	-	-	mA	
Ι <sub>ο</sub>	Source Current	-1.0	-	-	mA	

	PARAMETER		OMH3150		UNITS			
SYMBOL		MIN	ТҮР	MAX		UNITS	Note: (1)	Negative current is de-
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature Range	-40	-	125	° C		fined a coming out of (sourcing) the output.	
Sens	Sensitivity @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25° C	3.00	3.50	4.10	mV/G	(2)	<ol> <li>See characteristics defini- tions for test conditions and calculation formulas.</li> </ol>	
ΔSens(ΔT)	Sens Change @ T <sub>A</sub> > 25° C @ T <sub>A</sub> < 25° C	-5 -12	- -	10 3.0	% %			
ΔV <sub>οQ</sub> (ΔΤ)	$V_{OQ}$ Change over $T_A$	-	-	±50	G			
ΔSens(ΔV)	Ratiometric Sense Change	-	100	-	%			
$\Delta V_{OQ}(\Delta V)$	Ratiometric V <sub>OQ</sub> Change	-	100	-	%			
+Lin	Positive Lin ≥ 25 < 25	80 90	-	105 110	%			
-Lin	Negative Lin ≥ 25 < 25	80 90	-	105 110	%			
Sym	Output Symmetry	80	100	110	%			

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### Obsolete (OMH3150B)

#### **Characteristics Definitions**

Quiescent voltage Output: With no magnetic field present the device in the quiescent state and the voltage output is approximately equal to one-half the supply voltage ( $V_{00} = V_{CC}/2$ ) over the operating voltage and temperature range. The change in quiescent voltage output over temperature gives the device's equivalent accuracy and is specified in gauss by the calculation. . . . .

Sensitivity: A magnetic south pole at, and perpendicular to, the device's symbolized package face will increase the voltage output above the quiescent value. Conversely a magnetic north pole will decrease the voltage output below the quiescent value. This change in voltage output with applied magnetic field is sensitivity and is specified in mV/G by the calculation.

1000 The change in sensitivity over temperature is specified in percent by the calculation.

$$\Delta \text{Sens}_{(\Delta T)} = \underbrace{-----}_{\text{Sens}_{(25^{\circ} \text{C})}} X \text{ 100 \%}$$

Ratiometry: The quiescent voltage output and sensitivity of these ratiometric linear Hall-effect devices are proportional to the supply voltage. The change in quiescent voltage output with supply voltage is specified in percent by the calculation.

$$\Delta V_{OQ (\Delta V)} = - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - X \ 100 \ \%$$

This change in sensitivity with supply voltage is also specified in percent by the calculation.

$$\Delta \text{Sens}_{(\Delta V)} = -\frac{V_{OQ (VCC)} / V_{OQ (5 V)}}{V_{CC} / 5 V} X 100 \%$$

Linearity & Symmetry: The ability of the voltage output to vary in constant proportion to the applied magnetic field is linearity and is specified in percent by the calculation.

+ Linearity =	V <sub>O (+500 G) -</sub> V <sub>OQ</sub>	X 100 %			
	2(V <sub>0 (250 G)</sub> -V <sub>0Q</sub> )	X 100 %			
- Linearity =	V <sub>O (-500 G)</sub> - V <sub>OQ</sub> 	X 100 %			

The output is also specified in percent by the calculation.

- Linearity = 
$$-----X 100\%$$
  
Voo - Voo (500 G)

**V**OQ (-500 G) ΟQ

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1000 800 600 400 **Typical Gauss** 200 0 -200 -400 -600 -800 -1000 0.5 0.0 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.5 4.0 4.5 5.0 **Typical Output (Volts)** Icc vs Temperature 8.0 7.0 6.0 Typical Icc (mA) 5.0 4.0 3.0 2.0 1.0 0.0 -40 -20 0 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 160 -60 Temperature (°C)

**Output vs Gauss** 

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